## INTERNATIONAL STANDARD

ISO 17409

Second edition 2020-02

# Electrically propelled road vehicles — Conductive power transfer — Safety requirements

Véhicules routiers à propulsion électrique — Transfert d'énergie conductive — Exigences de sécurité





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Co	Contents					
Fore	eword		v			
1	Scop	e	1			
2	Norn	native references	1			
3		erms and definitions				
4		ronmental and operational conditions				
5	<b>Spec</b> 5.1	ific requirements for the vehicle inlet, plug, and cable	11			
	5.1	Requirements for the vehicle inlet				
_		-				
6	6.1	irements for protection of persons against electric shock	11			
	6.2	Basic protection when connected to an external electric circuit				
	6.3	Protective conductor				
	6.4	Isolation resistance				
		6.4.1 AC connection				
	6.5	6.4.2 DC connection Requirements for unmated vehicle contacts				
	0.5	6.5.1 General				
		6.5.2 Normal operation				
		6.5.3 Operation under single fault conditions	14			
	6.6	Insulation coordination				
		6.6.1 AC connection				
	6.7	6.6.2 DC connection  Touch current				
	6.8	Compatibility with residual current devices (RCD)				
7	Protection against thermal incident					
,	7.1	Requirements for normal operation				
	7.2	Overcurrent protection				
		7.2.1 General				
		7.2.2 Overload protection				
		7.2.3 Short-circuit protection for AC connection				
	7.3	Arc protection for DC connections				
	7.4	Residual energy after disconnection				
	7.5	Transient overvoltage	19			
8	Addi	tional requirements for AC power transfer	19			
	8.1	Voltage and frequency ranges for normal operation				
	8.2	Current characteristics				
		8.2.1 Load current				
	8.3	8.2.2 Inrush current Active factor				
	8.4	Interlock function for the vehicle coupler				
	8.5	Phase order in three-phase operation				
9	Addi	tional requirements for DC power transfer	21			
	9.1	General	21			
	9.2	Disconnection device				
	9.3	Control pilot functions				
	9.4 9.5	Vehicle isolation resistance monitoring systemLocking of the vehicle connector				
	9.5 9.6	AC or DC electric power at the same contacts				
	9.7	Contact temperature				
	9.8	Overvoltage in case of a load dumn	24			

#### ISO 17409:2020(E)

	9.9	Compatibility with insulation monitoring		
10	Reve	rse power transfer		
	10.1	General		
	10.2	AC reverse power transfer	25	
		10.2.1 General	25	
		10.2.2 Output power quality	25	
		10.2.3 Prevention of disconnection of vehicle coupler under load	26	
		10.2.4 Protection against electrical shock	26	
		10.2.5 Protection against thermal incident		
	10.3	DC reverse power transfer	26	
		10.3.1 General		
		10.3.2 Connection to the external electric circuit		
		10.3.3 Protection against overdischarge of the RESS		
		10.3.4 Auxiliary power supply from EV (optional)	27	
		10.3.5 Protection against thermal incident	27	
11	Oper	ational requirements	27	
12	Owner's manual and marking			
	12.1	Owner's manual		
	12.2	Marking		
13	Test procedure			
	13.1	General		
	13.2	Resistance of protective conductor		
	13.3	Isolation resistance test		
	13.4	Withstand voltage test		
		13.4.1 General		
		13.4.2 Test voltage		
	13.5	Inrush current tests		
		13.5.1 General		
		13.5.2 Measurement		
	13.6	Touch current		
		13.6.1 General	30	
		13.6.2 AC Charging	31	
		13.6.3 DC charging		
	13.7	DC power transfer with maximum current		
	13.8	DC power contact over temperature	34	
Anne	ex A (inf	formative) <b>Y capacitance measurement</b>	37	
Bibli	ograph	.y	40	

#### Foreword

ISO (the International Organization for Standardization) is a worldwide federation of national standards bodies (ISO member bodies). The work of preparing International Standards is normally carried out through ISO technical committees. Each member body interested in a subject for which a technical committee has been established has the right to be represented on that committee. International organizations, governmental and non-governmental, in liaison with ISO, also take part in the work. ISO collaborates closely with the International Electrotechnical Commission (IEC) on all matters of electrotechnical standardization.

The procedures used to develop this document and those intended for its further maintenance are described in the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 1. In particular, the different approval criteria needed for the different types of ISO documents should be noted. This document was drafted in accordance with the editorial rules of the ISO/IEC Directives, Part 2 (see <a href="www.iso.org/directives">www.iso.org/directives</a>).

Attention is drawn to the possibility that some of the elements of this document may be the subject of patent rights. ISO shall not be held responsible for identifying any or all such patent rights. Details of any patent rights identified during the development of the document will be in the Introduction and/or on the ISO list of patent declarations received (see <a href="https://www.iso.org/patents">www.iso.org/patents</a>).

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For an explanation of the voluntary nature of standards, the meaning of ISO specific terms and expressions related to conformity assessment, as well as information about ISO's adherence to the World Trade Organization (WTO) principles in the Technical Barriers to Trade (TBT) see <a href="https://www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html">www.iso.org/iso/foreword.html</a>.

This document was prepared jointly by Technical Committee ISO/TC 22, *Road vehicles*, Subcommittee SC 37, *Electrically propelled road vehicles*, and Technical Committee IEC/TC 69, *Electric road vehicles and electric industrial trucks*.

This second edition replaces the first edition (ISO 17409:2015), which has been technically revised. The main changes compared to the previous edition are as follows:

- terms and definitions have been updated,
- requirements for mode 1 have been removed because it is no longer relevant for new designs,
- requirements for reverse power transfer have been added,
- requirements for a DC connection with a thermal management system have been added,
- short circuit during DC charging has been reworked, and
- requirements for charging with pantograph have been added.

Any feedback or questions on this document should be directed to the user's national standards body. A complete listing of these bodies can be found at <a href="https://www.iso.org/members.html">www.iso.org/members.html</a>.

### Electrically propelled road vehicles — Conductive power transfer — Safety requirements

#### 1 Scope

This document specifies electric safety requirements for conductive connection of electrically propelled road vehicles to external electric circuits. External electric circuits include external electric power supplies and external electric loads. This document provides requirements for the charging modes 2, 3, 4, as defined in IEC 61851-1, and reverse power transfer. For mode 4, this document provides requirements regarding the connection to an isolated DC EV charging station according to IEC 61851-23.

NOTE 1 This edition does not provide requirements for mode 1.

NOTE 2 External electric circuits are not part of the vehicle.

This document applies to the on-board sections of vehicle power supply circuits. It applies also to dedicated power supply control functions used for the connection of the vehicle to an external electric circuit.

It does not provide comprehensive safety information for manufacturing, maintenance and repair personnel.

NOTE 3 ISO 6469-3 provides general electrical safety requirements for electrically propelled road vehicles.

NOTE 4 With this edition of this document the limitation of y-capacitance for protection against electric shock under single failure conditions is no longer applicable as a fault protection provision when the vehicle has a conductive DC connection to an external electric circuit.

#### 2 Normative references

The following documents are referred to in the text in such a way that some or all of their content constitutes requirements of this document. For dated references, only the edition cited applies. For undated references, the latest edition of the referenced document (including any amendments) applies.

ISO 6469-3, Electrically propelled road vehicles — Safety specifications — Part 3: Electrical safety

ISO 15118 (all parts), Road vehicles — Vehicle to grid communication interface

ISO 20653, Road vehicles — Degrees of protection (IP code) — Protection of electrical equipment against foreign objects, water and access

ISO 26262 (all parts), Road vehicles — Functional safety

IEC 60038, IEC standard voltages

 $\label{lem:eq:condition} \textbf{IEC } 60364\text{-}4\text{-}41\text{:} 2005, Low-voltage \ electrical \ installations \ --- \ Part \ 4\text{-}41\text{:} \ Protection \ for \ safety \ --- \ Protection \ against \ electric \ shock$ 

IEC 60364-4-43:2008, Electrical installations of buildings — Part 4-43: Protection for safety — Protection against overcurrent

IEC 60364-5-54, Low-voltage electrical installations — Part 5-54: Selection and erection of electrical equipment — Earthing arrangements and protective conductors

IEC 60364-6, Low-voltage electrical installations — Part 6: Verification

#### ISO 17409:2020(E)

IEC 60664-1, Insulation coordination for equipment within low-voltage systems - Part 1: Principles, requirements and tests

IEC 61000-3-3, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 3-3: Limits — Limitation of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker in public low-voltage supply systems, for equipment with rated current  $\leq$ 16 A per phase and not subject to conditional connection

IEC 61000-3-11, Electromagnetic compatibility (EMC) — Part 3-11: Limits — Limitation of voltage changes, voltage fluctuations and flicker in public low-voltage supply systems — Equipment with rated current  $\leq$  75 A and subject to conditional connection

IEC 61032, Protection of persons and equipment by enclosures — Probes for verification

IEC 61851-1:2017, Electric vehicle conductive charging system — Part 1: General requirements

IEC 61851-23:—, Electric vehicle conductive charging system — Part 23: DC electric vehicle charging station

IEC 62196-1, Plugs, socket-outlets, vehicle connectors and vehicle inlets — Conductive charging of electric vehicles — Part 1: General requirements

IEC 62196-2, Plugs, socket-outlets, vehicle connectors and vehicle inlets — Conductive charging of electric vehicles — Part 2: Dimensional compatibility and interchangeability requirements for a.c. pin and contact-tube accessories

IEC 62196-3:2015, Plugs, socket-outlets, vehicle connectors and vehicle inlets — conductive charging of electric vehicles — Part 3: Dimensional compatibility and interchangeability requirements for dedicated d.c. and combined a.c./d.c. pin and contact-tube vehicle couplers

IEC/TS 62196-3-1:—, Plugs, socket-outlets, vehicle connectors and vehicle inlets — conductive charging of electric vehicles — Part 3-1: Vehicle connector, vehicle inlet and cable assembly intended to be used with a thermal management system for DC charging